

Term	Week	Hours	Chapter: Topic	Topic break-down (sub-topics)	Learning Objectives: Students will be able to:	
Term 1 – Module 1 and 2	Week 1	4	Review and revision 10			
	Week 2 – 4	10	20: Geometry and measures: Curved shapes and pyramids	20.1 Sectors 20.2 Pyramids 20.3 Cones 20.4 Spheres	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> calculate the length of an arc calculate the area and angle of a sector. calculate the volume and surface area of a pyramid. calculate the volume and surface area of a cone. calculate the volume and surface area of a sphere. 	
	Week 5 – 6	7	21: Algebra: Number and sequences	21.1 Patterns in number 21.2 Number sequences 21.3 Finding the n th term of a linear sequence 21.4 Special sequences 2.5 General rules from given patterns	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> recognise patterns in number sequences. recognise how number sequences are built up generate sequences, given the nth term. find the nth term of a linear sequence. recognise and continue some special number sequences understand how prime, odd and even numbers interact in addition, subtraction and multiplication problems. find the nth term from practical problems involving sequences. 	
	Week 7	3	Review and revision 11			
	Week 8/9	Half term Break				
	Week 1	4	Algebra: Recap and review			
	Week 2 – 5	14	22: Geometry and measures: Right-angled triangles	22.1 Pythagoras' theorem 22.2 Calculating the length of a shorter side 22.3 Applying Pythagoras' theorem in real-life situations 22.4 Pythagoras' theorem and isosceles triangles 22.5 Trigonometric ratios 22.6 Calculating lengths using trigonometry 22.7 Calculating angles using trigonometry 22.8 Trigonometry without a calculator 22.9 Solving problems using trigonometry 22.10 Trigonometry and bearings 22.11 Trigonometry and isosceles triangles.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Know what Pythagoras' theorem is calculate the length of the hypotenuse in a right-angled triangle. calculate the length of a shorter side in a right-angled triangle. Solve problems using Pythagoras' theorem use Pythagoras' theorem in isosceles triangles. define, understand and use the three trigonometric ratios. use trigonometric ratios to calculate a length in a right-angled triangle. use the trigonometric ratios to calculate an angle. work out and remember trigonometric values for angles of 30°, 45°, 60° and 90°. solve practical problems using trigonometry solve problems using an angle of elevation or an angle of depression. solve bearing problems using trigonometry. use trigonometry to solve problems involving isosceles triangles. 	
	Week 6	3	Mock examinations and revision			
	Week 7	4	Mock examinations and revision			
	Week 8	Christmas Break				
	Week 9	Christmas Break				

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Term 2 – Module 3 and 4	1 – 2			23.2 Similarity	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> recognise similarity in any two shapes show that two shapes are similar work out the scale factor between similar shapes. 	
	Week 3 – 4	7	24: Probability: Combined events	24.1 Combined events	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> work out the probabilities when two or more events occur at the same time. 	
				24.2 Two-way tables	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> read two-way tables and use them to work out probabilities. 	
				24.3 Probability and Venn diagrams	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> use Venn diagrams to solve probability questions. 	
				24.4 Tree diagrams	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> understand frequency tree diagrams and probability tree diagrams use probability tree diagrams to work out the probabilities involved in combined events. 	
	Week 5	3	Review and revision 12			
	Week 6	Half Term Break				
	Week 1 – 3	11	25: Number: Powers and standard form	25.1 Powers (indices)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> write a number as a power of another number use powers (also known as indices) multiply and divide by powers of 10. 	
				25.2 Rules for multiplying and dividing powers	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> use rules for multiplying and dividing powers multiply and divide numbers by powers of 10. 	
				25.3 Standard form	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> write a number in standard form calculate with numbers in standard form. 	
	Week 4 – 5	7	26: Algebra: Simultaneous equations and linear inequalities	26.1 Elimination method for simultaneous equations	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> solve simultaneous linear equations in two variables using the elimination method. 	
				26.2 Substitution method for simultaneous equations	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> solve simultaneous linear equations in two variables using the substitution method. 	
				26.3 Balancing coefficients to solve simultaneous equations	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> solve simultaneous linear equations by balancing coefficients. 	
	Week 6	4	Review and revision 13			
	Week 7	EASTER BREAK				
	Week 8	EASTER BREAK				

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Term 3 – Module 5 and 6	Week 1	4	26: Algebra: Simultaneous equations and linear inequalities	26.4 Using simultaneous equations to solve problems	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • solve problems using simultaneous linear equations. 	
				26.5 Linear inequalities	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • solve a simple linear inequality and represent it on a number line. 	
	Week 2 – 4	10	27: Algebra: Non-linear graphs	27.1 Distance-time graphs	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • interpret distance-time graphs • draw a graph of the depth of liquid as a container is filled. 	
				27.2 Plotting quadratic graphs	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • draw and read values from quadratic graphs. 	
				27.3 Solving quadratic equations by factorisation	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • solve a quadratic equation by factorisation. 	
				27.4 The significant points of a quadratic curve	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • identify the significant points of a quadratic function graphically • identify the roots of a quadratic function by solving a quadratic equation. • identify the turning point of a quadratic function. 	
				27.5 Cubic and reciprocal graphs	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • recognise and plot cubic and reciprocal graphs. 	
	Week 5 – 6	7	Revision			
	Week 7	Half Term Break				
	Week 1 – 2	7	Revision			
	Week 3	3	June examinations			
	Week 4	4	June examinations			